

TCS-COLOMBO PLAN COURSE INFORMATION:

15 Month Executive Post Graduate Diploma In Management

at International Management Institute, From: 30-03-2018 To:29-03-2019.

INTERNATIONAL MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE



Nestled in Qutab Institutional Area, International Management Institute (IMI), New Delhi was established in 1981 in Collaboration with IMI Geneva (now IMD Lausanne). IMI is India's first corporate sponsored Business School with sponsorship from corporate houses like RPG Enterprises, Nestle, ITC, SAIL, Tata Chemicals, BOC and Williamson Magor etc. Over a period of time in the last 32 years the Institute has acquired a truly global status. The Institute received UNDP assistance for also various other international linkages with bodies like World Bank, UNDP, ILO, UNCTAD, Asian Productivity Organization etc. To provide a global prospective to the students, the Institute's flagship two year Post Graduate Programme in Management has a student exchange programme with various European Schools such as ESC Rennes, France, MIP School of Management France, Graz University Austria, IESEG School of Management and IDRAC Lyon, France etc. Besides this IMI is one of the empanelled Institute of the Ministry of External Affairs, GOI, for special Commonwealth Assistance Programme under which the Institute gets the executive MBA students from various Afro-Asian countries for its 15 months Executive Post Graduate Programme in Management. Today IMI enjoys the place of esteem among the leading management Institute and the patronage of reputed business organization in the country. The aim, approach and activities of IMI are guided by all its stakeholders, students, alumni, corporate patrons and society in general.

15-Month Executive Post Graduate Diploma in Management

March 30, 2018 to March 29, 2019 (52 weeks /12 months) course work in India.

April 13, 2019 – July 12, 2019 (12 weeks /3 months) Project in home country.

Program Coordinator: Prof. Sanjay Dhamija

Course Contents / Syllabus

Content:

The program is built around 12 months of course work over 4 terms of 11 to 12 weeks each, and three months of field project at the end of the course work in the home country of the participant. The complete program is of 90 credits, where each credit corresponds to the equivalent of 10 hours of classroom contact. During this period students are required to complete 18 compulsory courses, 10 elective courses besides 3 months of Field project work. A student also has an option to pursue a Course of Independent Study as per the norms defined in the student's handbook.

A list of core courses that are offered in Executive PGDM program are:

- Data Interpretation for Managers
- Financial Reporting and Analysis
- Financial Markets
- Managing People at Work
- IT for Managers
- Micro Economics
- Legal Aspects of Business
- Managerial Communications
- Assessing and Creating Customer Value
- Competition and Strategy
- Macro Economics
- Corporate Finance
- Human Resource Systems and Processes
- Delivering and Managing Customer Value
- Strategic Operations Management
- Research Method for Business Decisions
- Management Information System
- Managerial Accounting for Decision Making
- Corporate Governance
- International Business
- Sustainable Development

(Courses are subject to review to suit the requirements of the course)

The Colombo Plan:

Colombo Plan is the first Inter-Governmental Organization in Asia and Pacific region, established on 1 July 1951 as a commonwealth initiative which has now completed 65 years of service to the member countries. Its original objectives have been to assist the socio-economic and infrastructure development of the member countries, who were devastated by years of war and destruction. In the initial years, Colombo Plan concentrated on infrastructure building such as roads, railways, airports, irrigation dams, universities, and industries, while also assisting the countries in their capacity building through long term scholarships, training programmes etc.

Brief History of the Colombo Plan



The Colombo Plan Secretariat was established in 1951 with 7 founding member countries based on the discussions at the Commonwealth Foreign Ministers Conference held in Colombo in 1950.

It has grown from the founding group of seven Commonwealth nations - Australia, Britain, Canada, Ceylon, India, New Zealand and Pakistan - into an international organisation of 27 member countries, including developed and developing non-commonwealth countries in the Asia Pacific region.

Current Colombo Plan member countries are Afghanistan, Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Iran, Japan, Republic of Korea, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Maldives, Myanmar, Nepal, New Zealand, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Thailand, United States of America and Vietnam.

The training programmes titled under the Colombo plan's Technical Cooperation Scheme (TCS-Colombo Plan) is part of the pledge by the Government of India in the last Consultative Committee Meeting (CCM) held in Fiji in 2016.